

# Peridot

A 120-style Cyrillic, Greek, and Latin  
multifaceted sans serif family

# Peridot

Mesmerised by the sparkling greenish-yellow mineral called Olivine hidden within the black basalt of Lanzarote's lava fields, we named the gem of our library after this natural beauty.

Peridot is not just another typeface – it's a multifaceted sans serif type system crafted with passion and precision by Foundry5. Painstakingly developed through long hours and a keen focus on every minute detail, this typeface boasts a high-quality 10 weight family with matching italics in 6 widths, and the highly versatile variable format. Brimming with character, Peridot invites you to experiment with its various stylistic variants, allowing you to tailor the typographic tone to fit your creative vision perfectly. The diverse range of widths and styles in Peridot offers a dynamic typographic toolbox, ready to inspire and captivate even the most innovative designers.

Peridot PE supports Cyrillic, Greek, and Latin and covers over 370 languages. It includes all required localised variants, tabular numerals and currencies, fractions, clever discretionary ligatures and many more features. Peridot performs in varied environments – from branding, display, corporate use, editorial, advertising, poster, web, screen usage etc. Think of any other use case as well, and Peridot will perform.

Peridot comprises 120 static fonts, family packages, and variable support. It is the gem you ought to have in your collection.

**Designed by:**

Pria Ravichandran  
Kostas Bartsokas

**Devanagari designed by:**

Pria Ravichandran

**Post-production:** Kostas Bartsokas

**Version:** 1.001

**Release date:** 2022, 2023

**Script support:**

Ελληνικά, Latin, Кириллица

**Languages:** 379

**Styles:** 120

★ EBGE (EBΓE) 2023  
Original Greek Typeface  
Greek Communication Design  
Awards

★ Award of Excellence  
Typography Competition 2024  
Communication Arts

**Other Versions:**

Peridot Devanagari  
(Devanagari, Latin)

## Family overview

Compressed	Condensed	Narrow	Normal
Thin	Thin	Thin	Thin
<i>Thin Italic</i>	<i>Thin Italic</i>	<i>Thin Italic</i>	<i>Thin Italic</i>
ExtraLight	ExtraLight	ExtraLight	ExtraLight
<i>ExtraLight Italic</i>	<i>ExtraLight Italic</i>	<i>ExtraLight Italic</i>	<i>ExtraLight Italic</i>
Light	Light	Light	Light
<i>Light Italic</i>	<i>Light Italic</i>	<i>Light Italic</i>	<i>Light Italic</i>
Regular	Regular	Regular	Regular
<i>Italic</i>	<i>Italic</i>	<i>Italic</i>	<i>Italic</i>
Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium
<i>Medium Italic</i>	<i>Medium Italic</i>	<i>Medium Italic</i>	<i>Medium Italic</i>
SemiBold	SemiBold	SemiBold	SemiBold
<i>SemiBold Italic</i>	<i>SemiBold Italic</i>	<i>SemiBold Italic</i>	<i>SemiBold Italic</i>
Bold	Bold	Bold	Bold
<i>Bold Italic</i>	<i>Bold Italic</i>	<i>Bold Italic</i>	<i>Bold Italic</i>
ExtraBold	ExtraBold	ExtraBold	ExtraBold
<i>ExtraBold Italic</i>	<i>ExtraBold Italic</i>	<i>ExtraBold Italic</i>	<i>ExtraBold Italic</i>
Black	Black	Black	Black
<i>Black Italic</i>	<i>Black Italic</i>	<i>Black Italic</i>	<i>Black Italic</i>
Heavy	Heavy	Heavy	Heavy
<i>Heavy Italic</i>	<i>Heavy Italic</i>	<i>Heavy Italic</i>	<i>Heavy Italic</i>

## Family overview

### Wide

Thin

*Thin Italic*

ExtraLight

*ExtraLight Italic*

Light

*Light Italic*

Regular

*Italic*

Medium

*Medium Italic*

SemiBold

*SemiBold Italic*

Bold

*Bold Italic*

ExtraBold

*ExtraBold Italic*

Black

*Black Italic*

Heavy

*Heavy Italic*

### Extended

Thin

*Thin Italic*

ExtraLight

*ExtraLight Italic*

Light

*Light Italic*

Regular

*Italic*

Medium

*Medium Italic*

SemiBold

*SemiBold Italic*

Bold

*Bold Italic*

ExtraBold

*ExtraBold Italic*

Black

*Black Italic*

Heavy

*Heavy Italic*

### Supported formats

.otf, .ttf, .woff, .woff2.

### Peridot is available in individual styles as well as the following packages:

Peridot PanEuropean (PE) Full Family

Peridot PE Compressed Family

Peridot PE Condensed Family

Peridot PE Narrow Family

Peridot PE Normal Family

Peridot PE Wide Family

Peridot PE Extended Family

Peridot Latin Full Family

Peridot Latin Compressed Family

Peridot Latin Condensed Family

Peridot Latin Narrow Family

Peridot Latin Normal Family

Peridot Latin Wide Family

Peridot Latin Extended Family

*Each Family package contains the corresponding variable font.*

Modifications, extensions, and subsetted fonts are available on request.

Compressed Heavy

**SWEETS?**

Extended Thin Italic

*BANING*

Narrow Bold

**LOOKS 511**

Black, Compressed ExtraLight

**ΔΗΜΟΠΛΩ**

ss09

η βασική σας επιλογή στο ψωμί από το 1947

ss05

Extended Heavy

**BΛEΞ  
CETΓA**

ss03

Compressed Light Italic

*Sectiunea Efemera / Sekcja Efemeryd*

ss01

Wide SemiBold

**Sõida™  
Nº96**

Narrow Medium

**(123.40.01) Έπιπλο Κουζίνας Mango**

dlig

ss02

Thin

(Bruised item)

ss02

Condensed Black

**Tại sao con gà băng qua đường?**

Compressed Heavy, Compressed Thin Italic

**Миха Мадидјев де  
Барбазание.....** *+1358*

ss04

Extended ExtraLight

Αὐτὴν δε εἰς θρόνον εἷσεν  
ἄγων, ὑπὸ λίτα πετάσσας.

ss01

Narrow SemiBold Italic, Narrow ExtraBold Italic

***Rufen Sie uns regelmäßig  
unter 0049-299-200149***

ss02

Compressed Heavy Italic

***Ring!***

Condensed Light

Well, you are “allowed” to track it

Bold, Light

ss02

<b>Рис.....</b>	<b>₹086.50</b>
<b>Газ.....</b>	<b>\$000.37</b>
<b>Утка...</b>	<b>€252.73</b>

Wide Black

**Podívejte se nahoru a můžete vidět oblohu**

Narrow ExtraLight

Τα Μεζεδάρια

Extended Heavy Italic

***I TILT TO  
THE LEFT***

Narrow Black

**¡Busco inspiración!**

Compressed Thin

Współpracowaliśmy

Narrow Black

**розбийте її на частини**

ss05

**The game's  
object is  
to score as  
many points  
as possible  
by hitting  
these  
targets.**

ss01

The very first pinball games appeared in the early 1930s and did not have flippers; after launching the ball simply proceeded down the playfield, directed by static nails (or “pins”) to one of several scoring areas. (*These pins gave the game its name.*) In 1947, the first mechanical flippers appeared on **Gottlieb's Humpty Dumpty**<sup>51</sup> and by the early 1950s, the standard two-flipper configuration had become standard with the flippers at the bottom of the playfield above the center drain. Some pinball models also have a third or fourth flipper. A few later machines even have flippers that the machine's software could operate

Narrow Light, Narrow Bold

Condensed Medium Italic

Флипер е вид електромеханична аркадна игра, в която играчът набира точки, като управлява едно или няколко метални топчета с помощта на лостчета (флипери) върху игралното поле. Основната цел е набирането на възможно повече точки. Втората цел е максимално удължаване на времетраенето на играта, което зависи от удържането на топчето в игралното поле и от появата на допълнителни топчета, което може да доведе до безплатна игра. **Самите лостчета се контролират механично или електромеханично и са с дължина 3 – 7 см.** С тяхното задвижване се направлява движението на топчето и те са единственият начин за контрол от страна на играча. Точната преценка на времето на удара позволява на играча да насочи топчето така, че да уцели раз-

**ФЛИПЕР Е  
НЕВЕРОЯТНА  
ИГРА ЗА  
ЦЯЛОТО  
СЕМЕЙСТВО**

Τα πρώιμα αυτά φλίπερ γενικεύτηκαν κατά τα τέλη της δεκαετίας του 1920 στην Αμερική και μετά το Κραχ του 1929 γνώρισαν ιδιαίτερη επιτυχία. Τότε, το 1931, εμφανίζεται το πρώτο φλίπερ με κερματοδέκτη από την αμερικανική Automatic Industries, που το έλεγε «**Whiffle Board**». Μέχρι τότε το ξύλινο παιχνίδι τοποθετούνταν πάνω σε πάγκους και τώρα (1932) είχε τα δικά του πόδια, την ίδια στιγμή που η λειτουργία του ακολουθούσε σταθερά την εκδοχή του Redgrave. Η βιομηχανία του φλίπερ εκτοξεύτηκε στα μέσα της δεκαετίας του 1930 με την εμφάνιση μιας νέας εκδοχής, του περίφημου «Ballyhoο». «Πατέρας» του ήταν ο εφευρέτης *Raymond Maloney*, ο οποίος σύντομα θα ίδρυε στο Σικάγο την

# Το Φλιπεράκι έγινε η κραυγή της επανάστασης και της ελευθερίας στο περιδώριο της κοινωνίας

ss05

Compressed ExtraBold Italic

Medium, ExtraBold

**Tilt**

**Tilt**

**Pinball veya tilt**, bir tür arcade oyunudur. Genellikle jetonla oynanan oyunda pinball makinesi denen cam kaplı bir kabinin içindeki bir oyun alanında bir veya daha fazla çelik top oyuncu tarafından hareket ettirilerek puan kazanılmaya çalışılır. Oyunun temel amacı mümkün olduğunca çok puan elde etmektir. Top oyun alanında ne kadar farklı hedefi vurursa o nispette puan kazandırır. Oyun makinesinin alt tarafında oyuncu tarafından kontrol edilen plastik sopalar ile topların tahliye

# PINBALL

История пинбола начинается со времен правления французского короля Людовика XIV. Однажды кто-то из его современников додумался уменьшить бильярдный стол и наткать в одном его конце булавок. С противоположной стороны игроки должны были кием выстреливать шар в их направлении — тот отскакивал от препятствий и попадал в лузы, обладавшие разной ценностью. Правильно рассчитывая углы отскока, мастера отправляли шары в нужные им отверстия, а сам процесс сильно напоминал карамболь. В 1777 году на одной из дворцовых вечеринок, проходивших в имении Шато Де Багатель, гостям предложили на пробу новое развлечение. Все остались довольны, и брат короля тут же назвал игру в честь своего поместья. «Безделушка» (именно так переводится с французского «bagatelle») пришлась по душе не только знати, но и простому наро-

ду, разойдясь по стране в короткий срок. *Французские солдаты даже брали багатель с собой в поход, когда отправлялись в Америку воевать против британцев за свои колонии.* Благодаря им игра распространилась и по Новому Свету, став там настолько популярной, что на её тему начали рисовать политические карикатуры.

ss01

1869 году британский изобретатель по имени **Монтагью Редгрейв** поселился в Америке и создал мануфактуру по производству столов для игры в багатель в Цинциннати, штат Огайо. В 1871 году Редгрейв получил американский патент #115,357 «Усовершенствования в Багателле» («Improvements In Bagatelle»): отверстия, в которые надо попадать, заменены пружинами (бамперами, bumpers), а кий в конце стола был заменен плунжером. Игрок запускал шар на наклоненное игровое

Wide Italic

SemiBold, Black

*Pinball là một trò chơi arcade mà người chơi sử dụng bằng cách điều khiển một hoặc nhiều quả bóng sắt trên một sàn chơi bên trong một tủ kính.*

ss02

Mục tiêu chính của trò chơi là người chơi ghi càng nhiều điểm càng tốt. Nhiều máy chơi pinball hiện đại có tích hợp một “câu chuyện” mà người chơi phải hoàn thành các mục tiêu nhất định theo cách nào đó để hoàn thành trò chơi. Người chơi thường kiếm được nhiều điểm bằng cách chinh phục trò chơi bằng nhiều phương pháp khác nhau. Mỗi một mục tiêu mà bóng đập trúng sẽ cho người chơi một số điểm nhất định. Dưới cùng của sàn trò chơi pinball có một cái rãnh, người chơi phải ngăn không cho bóng rơi xuống cái rãnh đó bằng các tay đập được kết nối với các nút bấm bên ngoài để người chơi bấm. Trò chơi sẽ kết thúc khi bóng rơi xuống rãnh một số lần nhất định. Ngoài ra trò chơi còn có các mục tiêu phụ để tối đa hóa thời gian chơi (**bằng cách kiếm thêm “bóng” và giữ bóng lâu nhất có thể**), và có thể kiếm thêm xu bằng cách đạt điểm số cao hoặc qua các phương pháp khác.

# TOP 10 PLAYER-RATED SOLID STATE GAMES

- #01..... **Twilight Moon** (Sally, 1993)
- #02..... **Star Ship: Project Obliteration** (Launders, 1993)
- #03..... **Cinema of Gouls** (Sally, 1995)
- #04..... **Renaissance Madness** (Launders, 1997)
- #05..... **Scarred Jelly** (Sally, 1996)
- #06..... **Johny Adventure: The Last Hero** (Launders, 1993)
- #07..... **The Evans Bunch** (Sally, 1992)
- #08..... **Monster Mash** (Launders, 1998)
- #09..... **Deep Throttle** (Launders, 1993)
- #10..... **Global Warming Nights** (Launders, 1996)

ss02

Regular, Extended ExtraBold

Les joueurs de flipper peuvent être tentés de secouer la machine pour conserver la bille. Pour contrecarrer cette pratique, les fabricants ont inventé le tilt. On doit cette innovation à Harry E. Williams en 1935, le fondateur de la Williams Manufacturing Company.

**Des coups disproportionnés et/ou des secousses excessives sont sanctionnés par la machine sous la forme d'un tilt: les éléments du décor et les flippers sont alors inopérants, l'ensemble des billes en jeu retombant en bas du plateau.**

On trouve aussi d'autres systèmes de sanction pour des actions plus graves, comme un capteur placé sur la porte du monnayeur, le slam tilt, et qui réagit en fonction d'un choc important (coup de genou par exemple) en faisant perdre au joueur l'ensemble de ses crédits ainsi que la ou les billes en cours de jeu (les éléments du décor et les flippers sont alors inopérants tout comme lors d'un tilt basique). Lors d'un slam tilt, on

El origen del pinball se remonta al siglo XVIII con un juego bastante rudimentario llamado Bagatelle. Este juego consistía en un tablero de puntería, montado sobre una mesa, que tenía una serie de hoyos y topes de madera, que determinaban el recorrido de una bola.

**A mediados del siglo XIX en Estados Unidos, se reemplazaron los topes de madera del Bagatelle por clavos metálicos, lo que le dio el nombre de pinball, nombre con el que se los conoce también en Hispanoamérica.**

Entre 1930 y 1940 dos ingenieros de Automatic Industries, Arthur Paulin Whiffle y David Gottlieb, comenzaron a dar su aspecto moderno al juego, colocándolo en una caja de madera con mampara de vidrio y dotándolo de mecanismos ocultos que permitían una mayor diversión al jugador. En 1932, otro ingeniero, Harry Williams, inventó un sistema electroimantado de bobinas denominado Tilt (falta) que permitía denunciar al jugador





Stylistic Set 1 (Grotesque drops)

Quantity Quantity  
Ублажение Ήυδρε Ублажение Ήυδρε  
πηγάζει ξινός πηγάζει ξινός

Stylistic Set 2 (Full Geometric)

& utæker & utæker  
ήυδρε ήυδρε  
επιλέξατε δημοτικό επιλέξατε δημοτικό

Stylistic Set 3 (Bulgarian localised forms)

ЛФВГДЖЗИЙ̀ ЛФВгджзѡѣ̀  
клтцшщъ̀ю̀ клнтѡшѡѣ̀ю̀

Stylistic Set 4 (Serbian/Makedonian localised forms)

самбо самдо

Stylistic Set 5 (Olympia alternates)

побежал побежал  
γαβάθα γαβάδα

Stylistic Set 6 (Triangular Д and Л)

АДЕЛАИДА АДЕЛАИДА

Stylistic Set 7 (Greek prosgegrammeni)

Ὶδῆ ῚΔῆ Ὶιδῆ Ὶιδῆ

Stylistic Set 8 (Greek prosgegrammeni Capital adscript)

ῚΔῆ ῚΙΔῆ

Stylistic Set 9 (Greek uppercase OY)

ΠΑΠΑΔΟΠΟΥΛΟΥ ΠΑΠΑΔΟΠϞΛϞ

Localized Forms

míjn şpriçuit sibil·la	míjn şpriçuit sibil·la
haritacı IL·LÚS	HARÍTACI IL·LÚS
Κούραση·	Κούραση·
ЛФВГДЖЗИЙ	ΛΦΒεγδζηζυϊϋ
клтцшщъю б	κλητцшщъю δ

Ordinals

1 <sup>o</sup> 2 <sup>a</sup>	1 <sup>º</sup> 2 <sup>ª</sup>
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Tabular Figures, Tabular Symbols, and Tabular Currencies

0123456789	0123456789
.,:;·#/-:°'""	.,:;·#/-:°'""
฿¢çĶ¤\$đ€ƒĠēκ	฿¢çĶ¤\$đ€ƒĠēκ
₭₯₰₱₲₳₴₵₶₷₸₹	₭₯₰₱₲₳₴₵₶₷₸₹

Fractions

12/5734	12/5734
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Scientific Inferiors, Subscripts, Superscript

C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>25</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O x <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>25</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O x <sup>2</sup>
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Case Sensitive Forms

i¿H·H▪H---«H»<H>	i¿H·H▪H---«H»<H>
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Contextual Alternates

ïï GROß 12:20 M'AINA	ïï GROß 12:20 MAÏNA
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Discretionary Ligatures

> -^ /> -> \>	↑ ↑ ↗ → ↘
<  ^- </ <- <\	↓ ↓ ↙ ← ↖
(C) (R) (1) [2] (12.45,6)	© ® ① ② (12.45,6)*

## Latin support

Acheron, Achinese, Achuar-Shiwiar, Afar, Afrikaans, Aguaruna, Amahuaca, Amarakaeri, Amis, Andaandi Dongolawi, Anuta, Ao Naga, Apinayé, Aragonese, Arbëreshë Albanian, Arvanitika Albanian, Asháninka, Ashéninka Perené, Asu (Tanzania), Atayal, Balinese, Bari, Basque, Batak Dairi, Batak Karo, Batak Mandailing, Batak Simalungun, Batak Toba, Bemba (Zambia), Bena (Tanzania), Bikol, Bini, Bislama, Borana-Arsi-Guji Oromo, Bosnian, Breton, Buginese, Candoshi-Shapra, Caquinte, Caribbean Hindustani, Cashibo-Cacataibo, Cashinahua, Catalan, Cebuano, Central Aymara, Central Kurdish, Central Nahuatl, Chachi, Chamorro, Chavacano, Chiga, Chiltepec Chinantec, Chokwe, Chuukese, Cimbrian, Cofán, Congo Swahili, Cook Islands Māori, Cornish, Corsican, Creek, Crimean Tatar, Croatian, Czech, Danish, Dehu, Dimli, Dutch, Eastern Abnaki, Eastern Arrernte, Eastern Oromo, Embu, English, Ese Eja, Falam Chin, Faroese, Fijian, Filipino, Finnish, French, Friulian, Gagauz, Galician, Ganda, Garifuna, Ga'anda, German, Ghëg Albanian, Gilbertese, Gooniyandi, Guadeloupean Creole French, Gusii, Gwich'in, Haitian, Hakha Chin, Hani, Hawaiian, Hiligaynon, Ho-Chunk, Hopi, Huastec, Hungarian, Icelandic, Igbo, Iloko, Inari Sami, Indonesian, Irish, Istro Romanian, Italian, Ixcatlán Mazatec, Jamaican Creole English, Japanese, Javanese, Jola-Fonyi, K'iche', Kabuverdianu, Kaingang, Kala Lagaw Ya, Kalaallisut, Kalenjin, Kamba (Kenya), Kaonde, Kaqchikel, Kara-Kalpak, Karelian, Kashubian, Kekchí, Kenzi Mattokki, Khasi, Kikuyu, Kimbundu, Kinyarwanda, Kirmanjki, Kituba (DRC), Kongo, Konzo, Kuanyama, Kven Finnish, Kölsch, Ladin, Ladino, Latgalian, Latin, Ligurian, Lithuanian, Lombard, Low German, Lower Sorbian, Lozi, Luba-Lulua, Lule Sami, Luo (Kenya and Tanzania), Luxembourgish, Macedo-Romanian, Madurese, Makhuwa, Makhuwa-Meetto, Makonde, Makwe, Malagasy, Malaysian, Maltese, Manx, Maore Comorian, Maori, Mapudungun, Marshallese, Matsés, Mauritian Creole, Meriam Mir, Meru, Minangkabau, Mirandese, Mizo, Mohawk, Montagnais, Montenegrin, Munsee, Murrinh-Patha, Muslim Tat, Mwani, Mískito, Naga Pidgin, Navajo, Ndonga, Neapolitan, Ngazidja Comorian, Niuean, Nobiin, Nomatsiguenga, North Azerbaijani, North Ndebele, Northern Kurdish, Northern Qiangdong Miao, Northern Sami, Northern Uzbek, Norwegian, Nyanja, Nyankole, Occitan, Ojtlán Chinantec, Orma, Oroqen, Otuho, Palauan, Paluan, Pampanga, Papantla Totonac, Papiamentu, Paraguayan Guaraní, Pedi, Picard, Pichis Ashéninka, Piemontese, Pijin, Pintupi-Luritja, Pipil, Pite Sami, Pohnpeian, Polish, Portuguese, Potawatomi, Purepecha, Páez, Quechua, Romanian, Romansh, Rotokas, Rundi, Rwa, Samburu, Samoan, Sango, Sangu (Tanzania), Saramaccan, Sardinian, Scottish Gaelic, Sena, Serbian, Seri, Seselwa Creole French, Shambala,

Shawnee, Shipibo-Conibo, Shona, Shuar, Sicilian, Silesian, Slovak, Slovenian, Soga, Somali, Soninke, South Azerbaijani, South Ndebele, Southern Aymara, Southern Qiangdong Miao, Southern Sami, Southern Sotho, Spanish, Sranan Tongo, Standard Estonian, Standard Latvian, Standard Malay, Sundanese, Swahili, Swati, Swedish, Swiss German, Tagalog, Tahitian, Taita, Talysh, Tedim Chin, Teso, Tetum, Tetun Dili, Tiv, Toba, Tok Pisin, Tokelau, Tonga (Tonga Islands), Tonga (Zambia), Tosk Albanian, Tsakhur, Tsonga, Tswana, Tumbuka, Turkish, Turkmen, Tzeltal, Tzotzil, Uab Meto, Umbundu, Ume Sami, Upper Guinea Crioulo, Upper Sorbian, Venetian, Veps, Vietnamese, Võro, Walloon, Walser, Wangaaybuwan-Ngiyambaa, Waorani, Waray (Philippines), Warlpiri, Wayuu, Welsh, West Central Oromo, Western Abnaki, Western Frisian, Wik-Mungkan, Wiradjuri, Wolof, Xavánte, Xhosa, Yanasha', Yao, Yapese, Yindjibarndi, Yoruba, Yucateco, Zapotec, Zulu, Zuni, Záparo.

### **Cyrillic support**

Abaza, Adyghe, Aghul, Andi, Archi, Avaric, Belarusian, Bezhta, Budukh, Bulgarian, Chamalal, Chechen, Chinese Buriat, Crimean Tatar, Dargwa, Dido, Dungan, Erzya, Halh Mongolian, Ingush, Judeo-Tat, Kabardian, Kalmyk, Karachay-Balkar, Karata, Kazakh, Khinalugh, Kirghiz, Kumyk, Lak, Lezghian, Macedonian, Moksha, Mongolian Buriat, Montenegrin, Muslim Tat, Nogai, Russian, Russian Buriat, Rusyn, Rutul, Serbian, Shughni, Tabassaran, Tajik, Tatar, Tsakhur, Tuvinian, Ukrainian.

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